

Why is the Claims Review Important?

- Government is bound by a very finite source of cash
- Ensures disbursements are following adopted policies, laws, and are for actual and necessary purposes
- Establishes a proper tone at the top
- In 2020, 27% of fraud in the US was detected by Management Review or internal audit, while only 4% was detected by external audit



What is a Claim?

 A bill, account, or demand against a local government for the payment of moneys due for services rendered or materials furnished.



Auditing the Claims

- Legal requirement
- · To ensure that:
 - Claim is for valid and legal purpose
 - Claim is incurred by authorized official
 - Goods received services rendered
 - An appropriation is available
 - Proper documentation



General Requirements

- Written
- Itemized
- Prescribed form
- · Approval shown
- Audited by Board or employee charged w/auditing function
- Certified by claimant (optional)



Who is Responsible?

- The governing board is generally responsible for the audit of claims
 - Segregates two key functions: management's purchase of goods and services and the authorization of payments for those goods and services
 - Board can sometimes delegate responsibility
 - Ex: Village Law Section 5-524, Village Law Section 4-402, Town Law Section 119, County Law Section 369, Education Law Section 1709, Town Law Section 176 (Fire Districts), and certain Charters (City, School, County, etc.)

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Separate Position Responsible for the Audit of Claims

- The following guidance should be considered:
 - Provide claims auditor with a job description to communicate responsibilities
 - · Ensure consistent with legal requirements
 - Discussions regarding specific claims should be directed to the governing board
 - Ensures independence of position
 - Claims auditor should attend training



Separate Position Responsible for the Audit of Claims

- The following guidance should be considered:
 - Claims auditor should be independent of both the purchasing and treasury (check signing) functions.
 - Claims auditing official should indicate the approval of claims by signing or initialing each individual voucher packet or an abstract of audited claims.



Claim Packet

What should be included in a claim packet?

- Original purchase order showing pre-approval
- Bids or quotes as required by law/ policy
- Packing slip for delivered goods
- Original invoice or receipts (itemized)
- Proof of delivery and inspection of goods
- Evidence of addition to inventory if capital
- Other information deemed appropriate



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Criteria for Auditing Claims

Preliminary Review

- Is the claim for a valid and legal purpose?
- Was the purchase authorized and approved?
- Are there sufficient appropriations to pay the claim?
- Is the claim mathematically correct?
- Is the claim sufficiently itemized?



Criteria for Auditing Claims

Statutory Requirements and Policies

- Does the claim meet the legal and policy requirements in relation to competitive bidding or, when permitted, competitive offering, and the requirements of the locality's procurement policy?
- Have other adopted policies been followed?



Criteria for Auditing Claims

Statutory Exceptions

- Was the purchase made by using a State, County or other permissible government contract (as an exception to soliciting competition) and is this information included on the claim form?
- Has management reviewed the actual contract?



Criteria for Auditing Claims

Sales Tax and Discounts

- Are there any sales tax charges for exempt expenses?
- Does the claim include all discounts that you are entitled to?



Criteria for Auditing Claims

Duplicate Payments and Documentation

- Has this claim been paid before, in whole or in part?
- Does the attached documentation support the claim being audited?



Criteria for Auditing Claims

Value was Obtained

• Were the goods or services actually received?



Payments Not Requiring Pre-Audit

Payments Authorized Under Other Processes

- Payroll
- Indebtedness (principal and interest)
- · Court ordered payments
- · Contracts exceeding one year
- · Retirement system payments



Payments Allowed in Advance of Audit

Claims Audit to Follow Soon After Payment

- · Public utility services
- Postage
- Freight and express charges
- · Petty cash payments



Problem Claims

Is original documentation missing? (i.e. Invoice, purchase order, or receiving slip)

- · If YES,
 - The claim should be held until the supporting documentation is submitted.
 - When original documentation is not provided, there may be an increased risk that the claim is not legitimate.



Problem Claims

Is the claim mathematically incorrect? (2+2=5)

- If YES,
 - Confirm the proper amount.
 - Correct the mistake.
 - Only approve the claim for the corrected amount.



Problem Claims

Does the invoice sufficiently itemize the goods purchased or services rendered?

- If NO,
 - Contact the official who approved the claim.
 - Official should contact the vendor to request a more detailed claim and to educate the vendor on itemization requirements.



Problem Claims

Are travel or conference expenses substantiated by traveler as actual and necessary expenses?

- If NO,
 - Determine amounts authorized (pre-approval)
 - Determine compliance with local policies
 - Obtain additional documentation and recalculate
 - Reduce the claim by the amount of ineligible expenses



Problem Claims

Has the claim been paid before (in whole or part)?

- If YES,
 - Reject the entire claim or reduce it to the unpaid amount.
 - Look for photocopies of original invoices as they may indicate the possibility of a duplicate claim.
 - Do not pay on basis of monthly statements



Red Flags

- Missing documents
- · Unavailability of original documents
- Recurring identical amounts from the same vendor
- Multiple remittance addresses for the same vendor
- Inconsistent, vague, or implausible responses arising from inquiries or analytical procedures
 - Internally or externally
- · Excessive voids or credits



Red Flags

- New vendors, especially if payment goes to a post office (PO) box
- · Items purchased that are not clearly identified
- Goods delivered outside of a central location or to an unusual delivery point
- Credit card charges with no original receipts attached
- · Travel and conference claims
- Alterations or questionable handwriting on documents



Red Flags

- Duplications
- Payments to a vendor that have increased dramatically for no apparent reason
- Payments to vendors for construction work not certified as completed by your architect or engineer
- Unusual delays in providing requested information
- · Tips or complaints about possible fraud



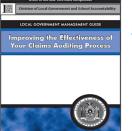
Consequences

What consequences exist for disapproved claims?

- The Board needs to discuss with attorney what actions you can take for any claim deemed unauthorized or inappropriate. May include:
 - Personal Liability to the person making the claim
 - Termination
 - Others



Local Government Management Guide: Improving the Effectiveness of Your Claims Auditing Process



https://www.osc.state.ny.us/files/local-government/publications/pdf/improving-the-effectiveness-of-claims-auditing-process.pdf



OSC Resources

OSC Website (www.osc.state.ny.us)

- Publications
 - https://www.osc.state.ny.us/local-government/publications
- Training
 - https://www.osc.state.ny.us/local-government/academy



Thank You Division of Local Government and School Accountability localtraining@osc.ny.gov NYS COMPTROLLER THOMAS P. DINAPOLI