

Topics for Today's Session

- COVID-19 Related Issues
- Overview of the Property Tax Cap Legislation
- Common Errors
- Reporting Requirements
 - Online Services Filing System



Issues Relating to COVID-19

- The Tax cap law is still in effect
 - As of 2/10/21 the tax cap law has not been suspended
- All expenses, including COVID-19 expenses, generally are subject to the tax cap
 - As of 2/10/21 COVID-19 expenses have not been exempted from the tax levy limit
- Please review the "Financial Toolkit for Local Officials" located on our website for more information:
 - https://www.osc.state.ny.us/localgovernment/financial-toolkit

NYS COMPTROLLER THOMAS P. DINAPOLI

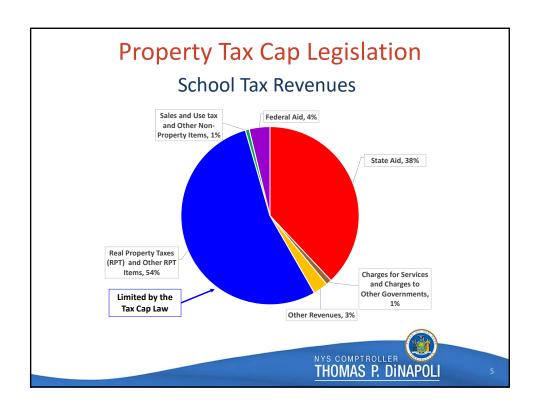
Property Tax Cap Legislation

Overview

- The Tax Cap <u>limits the total levy</u> set by school districts, not assessed value or tax rate.
- All independent school districts are subject to the tax cap.
 - Finances of the Big Four city school districts of Buffalo, Rochester, Syracuse and Yonkers are included in their respective cities' budgets.



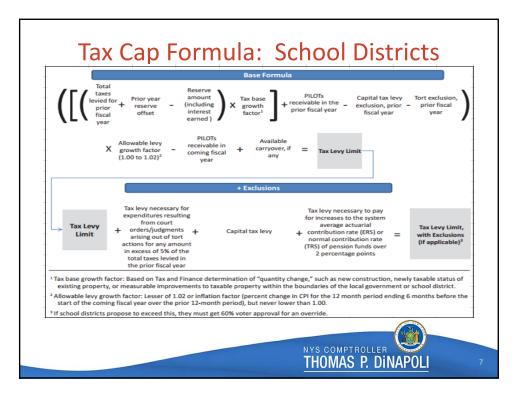
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The Tax Levy Limit Calculation Involves Several Components...

- Prior Year Levy
- Tax Base Growth Factor
- Allowable Levy Growth Factor
- Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOTs)
- Available Carryover
- Exclusions (Capital, Retirement and Torts)

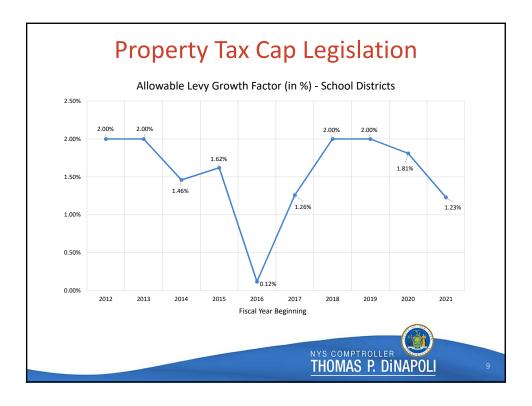




Allowable Levy Growth Factor

- The allowable levy growth factor is equal to the lesser of 1.02 or 1 plus the inflation factor.
 - Inflation factor calculation is defined by law
- School Districts have an allowable levy growth factor of 1.0123 for the 2021-22 fiscal year.





Override For School Districts

- The law allows school districts to override the tax levy limit.
 - A ballot statement must be included
 - At least 60% VOTER approval required
- If an override budget fails to get 60%, the school district can:
 - Resubmit the original budget (requires at least 60% voter approval when it's an override budget)
 - Submit a revised budget
 - If revised budget contains a tax levy within the levy limit, then only 50% voter approval required but if the revised budget seeks to override the levy limit, then at least 60% voter approval is required.
 - Go to a contingency budget (0% levy growth)



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Consequences of Exceeding the Limit

- If a school district levies more than the tax levy limit without a proper override, the school district must place the excess amount in a reserve.
 - Must be in an interest-bearing account.
 - Must be used to offset the tax levy the following fiscal year.
- If the school district successfully passed an override, no reserve is required.



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Common Errors

- Prior Year/Coming Year Property Tax Levy
- PILOTs Receivable
- Capital Exclusions



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Reporting Requirements

- School District CFOs must calculate the tax levy limit and report the data elements to the State.
 - Must use OSC's form to report.
 - User IDs and Password are required to access and submit forms.
 - Form must be submitted by March 1.
- Report must be submitted even if an override is planned.



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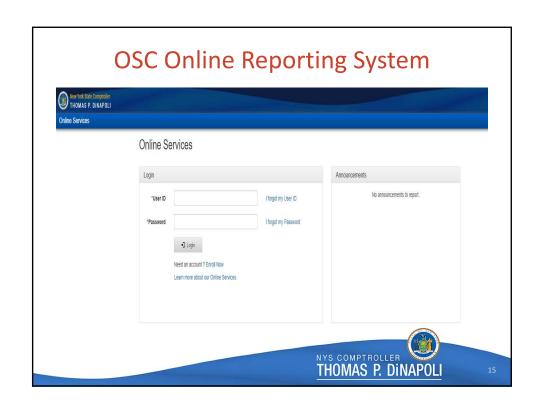
Reporting Requirements

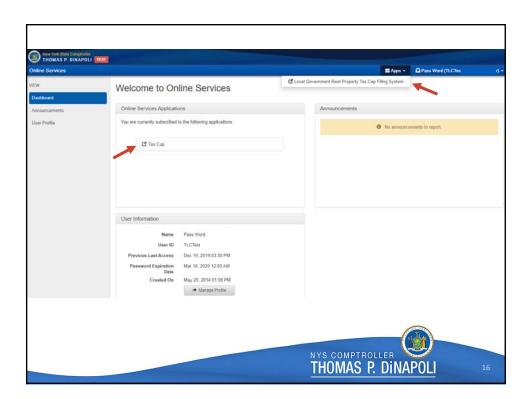
OSC Online Reporting System

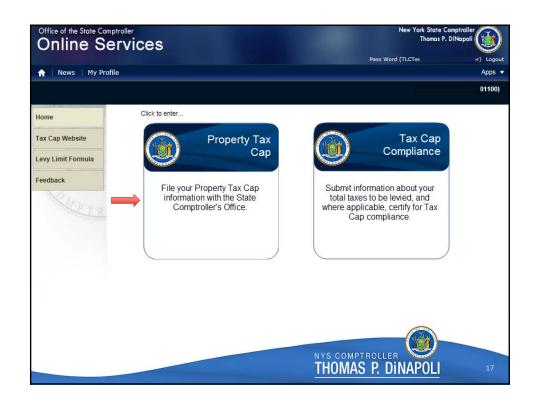
- Enrollment
 - Maintain your own contact information.
 - Change or retrieve lost passwords.
 - Create user rights and assign roles.
 - Access more than one application with same account.
 - Tax Cap Application
 - Tax Cap Form
 - Tax Cap Compliance Application
 - Tax Cap Compliance form

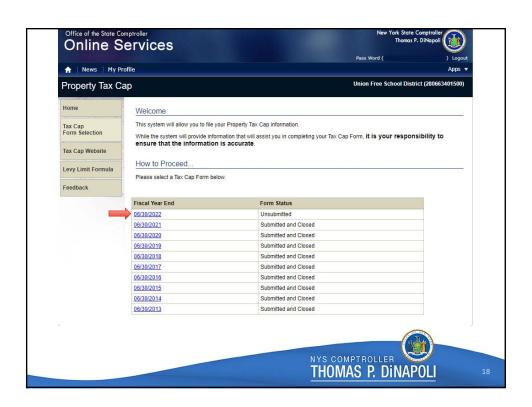


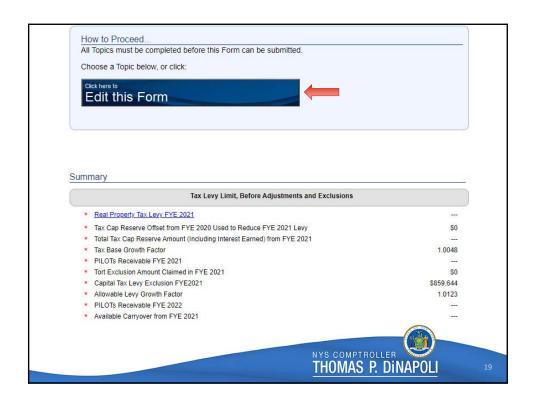
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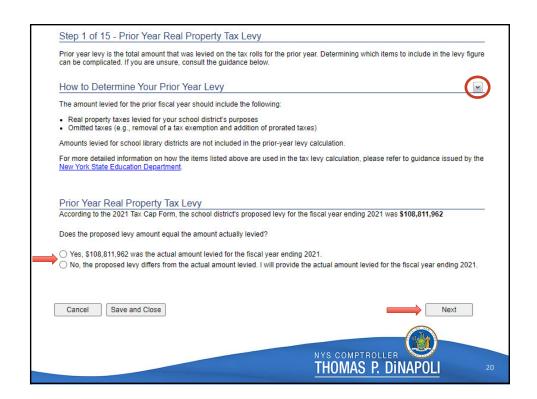


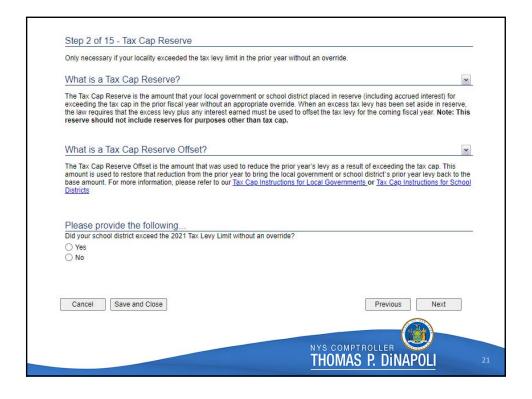


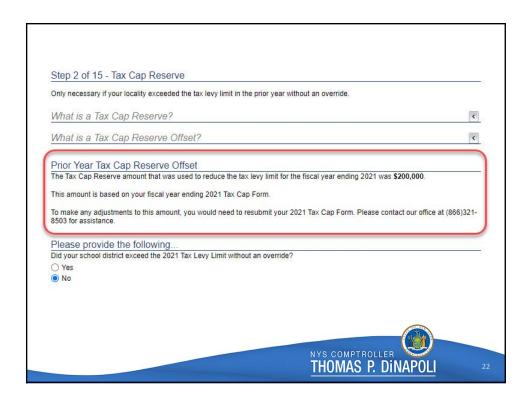


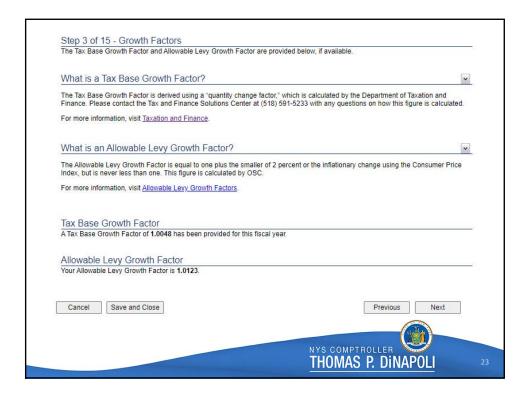


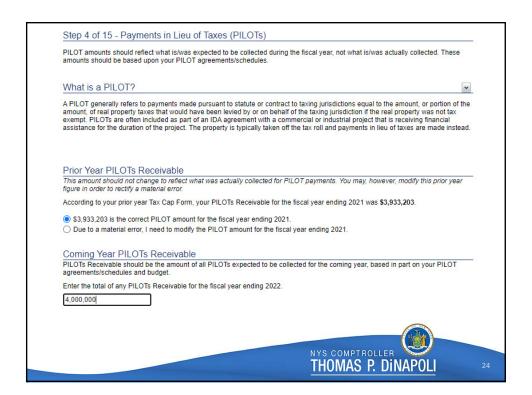


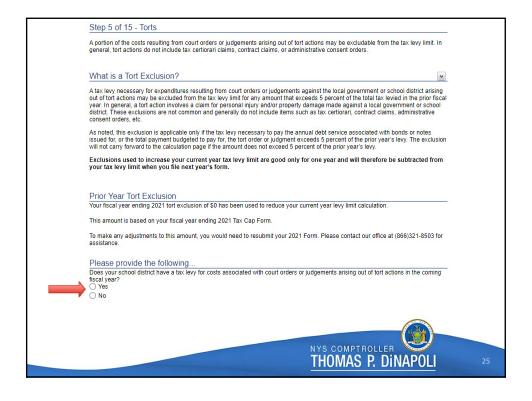


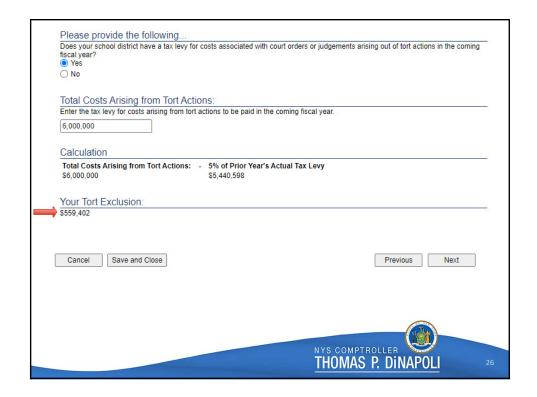


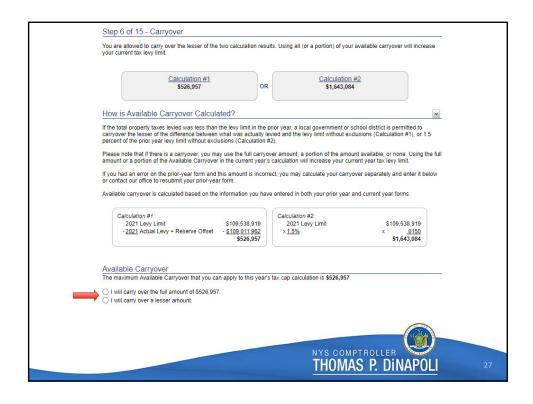


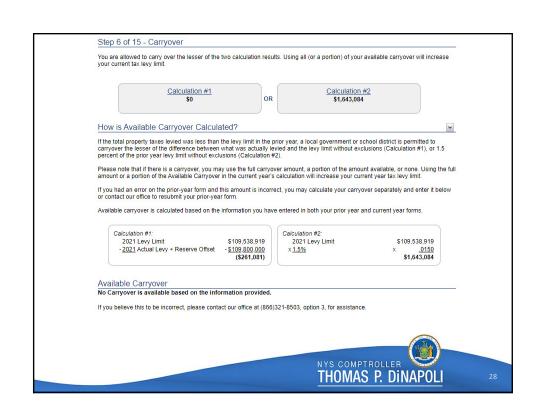


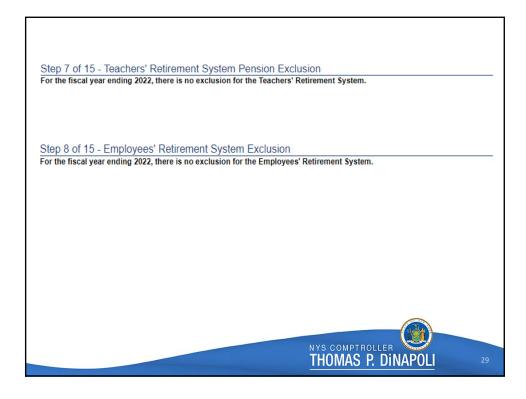


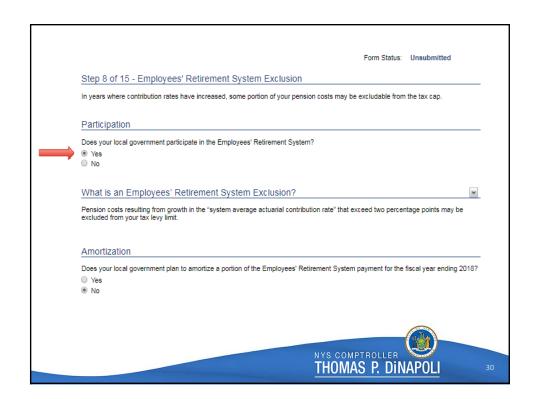


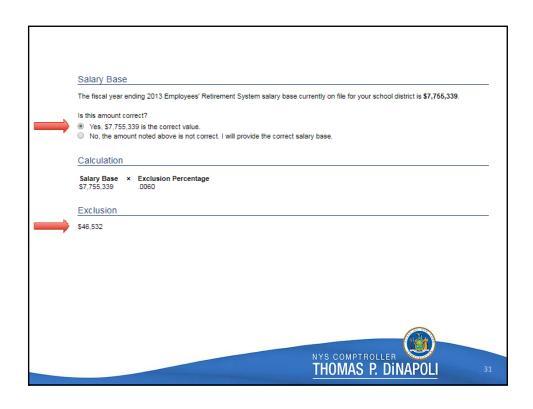


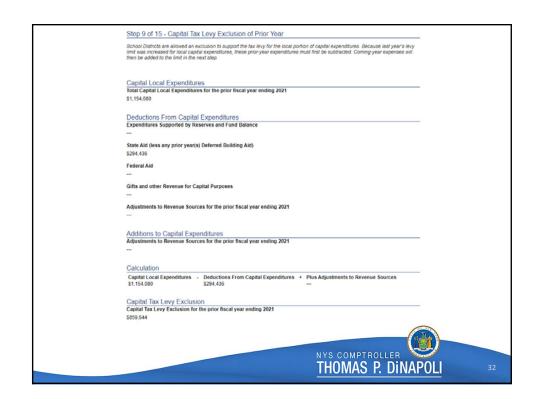




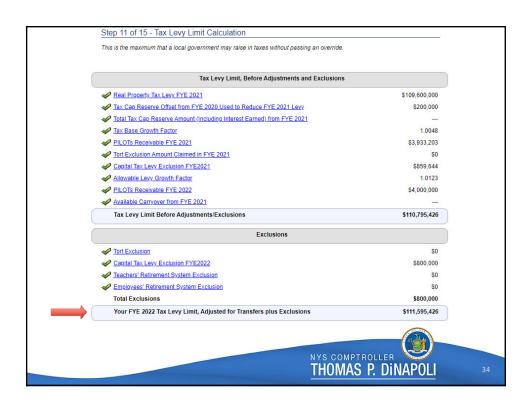








Step 10 of 15 - Capital Tax Levy Exclusion
For school districts, the local portion of capital expenditures is excludable from the tax levy limit.
What is my coming school year capital tax levy exclusion? ∢
Please provide the following Does your School District have a tax key for any Capital Local Expenditures in the coming facal year?
® Yes ○ No
Capital Local Expenditures Total Capital Local Expenditures in coming fiscal year ending 2022
4.000.000
Deductions From Capital Expenditures Expenditures Supported by Reserves and Fund Balance
150,000 State Aid (less any prior year(s) Deferred Building Aid)
3,000,000 Federal Aid
Gifts and other Revenue for Capital Purposes
Adjustments to Revenue Sources for the coming fiscal year ending 2022 [50,000]
Additions to Capital Expenditures Adjustments to Revenue Sources for the coming facal year ending 2022
100.000
Calculation Capital Local Expenditures - Deductions From Capital Expenditures - Plus Adjustments to Revenue Sources 5100.000 53.300.000
Capital Tax Levy Exclusion
Capital Tax Levy Exclusion for the coming fiscal year ending 2022 5000,000
NYS COMPTROLLER
THOMAS P. DINAPOLI



Step 12: Proposed Levy

Propositions and the Tax Cap

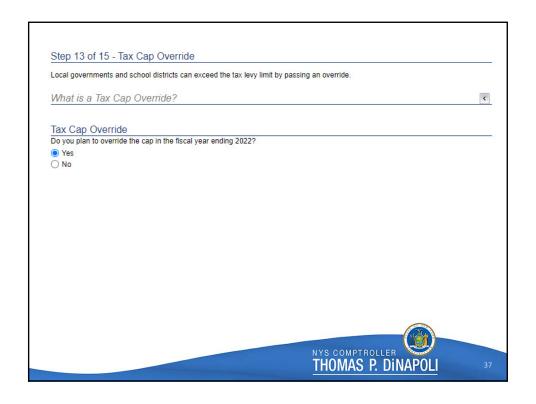
Proposition information now required in the tax cap form

Proposition Type	Is Proposition Excluded from the Tax Cap?
Proposition for additional transportation service	No
Proposition for educational programs (separate from core budget proposition)	No
Proposition for capital expenditure	Yes
Proposition for transportation capital expenditure	Yes



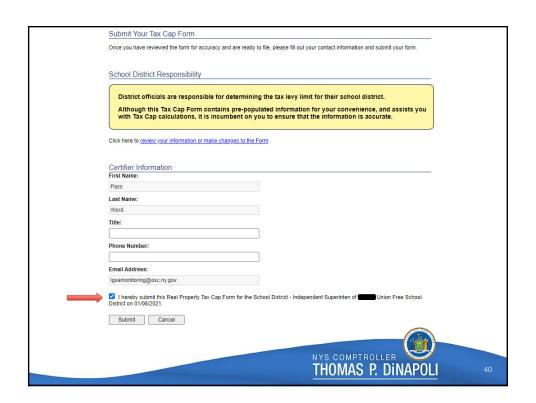
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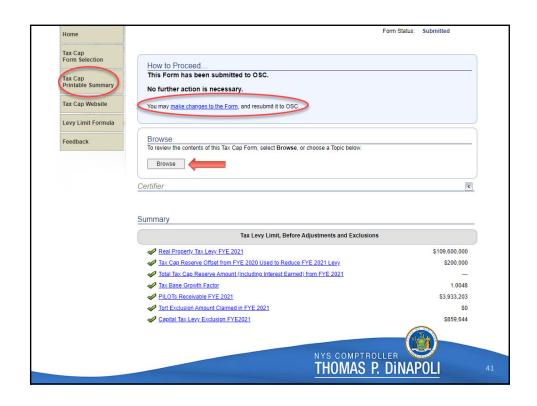














Contact Information

- State Education Department (SED)
 - 518-474-6541
 - http://www.p12.nysed.gov/mgtserv/propertytax/taxcap/
 - Link to Official Tax Cap Guidance: http://www.p12.nysed.gov/mgtserv/documents/PropTaxCap_SE
 http://www.p12.nysed.gov/mgtserv/documents/PropTaxCap_SE
 D Final 1-13-20.pdf
- Department of Taxation and Finance
 - Equalization Ratios and Tax Base Growth Factor 518-474-5666
- Office of the State Comptroller
 - 1-866-321-8503
 - Option 1 Technical Issues & Enrollment Requests
 - Option 3 Tax Cap application questions
 - LGSAMonitoring@osc.ny.gov
 - https://www.osc.state.ny.us/local-government/property-tax-cap



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Thank You

Division of Local Government and School Accountability LGSAMonitoring@osc.ny.gov



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